

High Performance Inverter

FRENIC-Ace New





CÔNG TY TNHH THƯƠNG MẠI KỸ THUẬT ĐIỆN CITY

Nhà phân phối thiết bị điện công nghiệp hàng đầu Việt Nam









Think Automation and beyond...











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The Next Generation Of Inverters Have Arrived

Introducing Our New Standard Inverter!







Enjoy A Full Range Of Applications

The standard inverter for the next generation, the FRENIC-Ace, can be used in most types of application—from fans and pumps to specialized machinery.

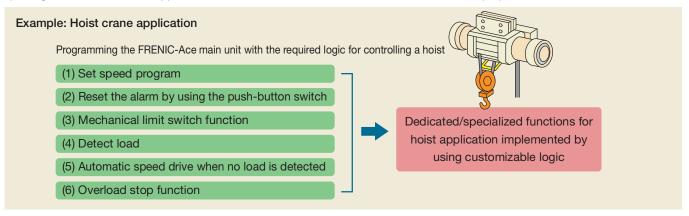
		3-ph	ase 40	00V series				3-pl	hase 2	00V series		1-phase 200V	series
Nominal	ND rating	HD rating		HND ratio	ng	HHD ratir	g	HND ratin	ng	HHD rating	,	HHD ratin	ng
applied motor [kW]	Model Ra ut cur	put Model	Rated output current	Model	Rated output current	Model	Rated output current	Model	Rated output current	Model	Rated output current	Model	Rated output current
0.1										FRN0001E2S-2	0.8A	FRN0001E2S-7□	1 0.8A
0.2								FRN0001E2S-2		FRN0002E2S-2□	1.6A	FRN0002E2S-7	1.6A
0.4						FRN0002E2 ■-4□		FRN0002E2S-2		FRN0004E2S-2		FRN0003E2S-7□	
0.75	FRN0002E2■-4□ 2.			FRN0002E2■-40		FRN0004E2■-4D	2.5A	FRN0004E2S-2		FRN0006E2S-2□	5A	FRN0005E2S-7□] 5A
1.1		FRN0004E2■-4□	3.4A	FRN0004E2■-4E	□ 3.4A			FRN0006E2S-2□	1 6A				
1.5	FRN0004E2 4.		- FA	EDNIOGOSEO = 45	7) 54)	FRN0006E2 ■-4□		EDMONAGEOU OF	1 0 0 0 1	FRN0010E2S-2		FRN0008E2S-7	
2.2 3	FRN0006E2 -4 5.			FRN0006E2 -4[FRN0007E2 ■-4□	J 5.5A	FRN0010E2S-2 FRN0012E2S-2		FRN0012E2S-2	11A	FRN0011E2S-7□	J 11A
3.7	FRN0007E2■-4□ 6.9	9A FRN0007E2■-4□	0.3A	FRN0007E2■-4[FRN0012E2 ■ -4□] 9A	FRINUUIZEZS-ZL	1 12A	FRN0020E2S-2	1754		
5.5	FRN0012E2■-4□ 12	A FRN0012E2■-4□	11 1 1 1	FRN0012E2 ■ -4	□ 11 1 A A	FRN0012E2 -4L		FRN0020E2S-2	1 10 64 1	FRN0030E2S-2			
7.5	THINUUTZEZ = 4EI	FRN0022E2 -4		FRN0022E2 -40		FRN0029E2 -40		FRN0030E2S-2		FRN0040E2S-2		1	
11	FRN0022E2■-4□ 21.			FRN0029E2■-40		FRN0037E2■-4D		FRN0040E2S-2		FRN0056E2S-2		1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
15	FRN0029E2■-4□ 28.			FRN0037E2 -4[FRN0044E2 ■-4□		FRN0056E2S-2		FRN0069E2S-2		1	
18.5	FRN0037E2■-4□ 37			FRN0044E2■-4[FRN0059E2 ■-4□		FRN0069E2S-2		FRN0088E2S-2			
22	FRN0044E2■-4□ 44			FRN0059E2■-4D		FRN0072E2 ■-4□		FRN0088E2S-2		FRN0115E2S-2□			
30	FRN0059E2■-4□ 59			FRN0072E2■-4D		FRN0085E2■-4□		FRN0115E2S-2□					
37	FRN0072E2■-4□ 72	A FRN0085E2■-4□	75A	FRN0085E2■-40	□ 75A	FRN0105E2 ■-4D	75A					11.00	
45	FRN0085E2■-4□ 85	A FRN0105E2■-4□	91A	FRN0105E2■-4[□ 91A	FRN0139E2 ■-4□	91A						
55	FRN0105E2■-4□ 10			FRN0139E2■-4[□ 112A	FRN0168E2■-4□							
75	FRN0139E2■-4□ 13			FRN0168E2■-4[FRN0203E2 ■-4□							
90	FRN0168E2■-4□ 16			FRN0203E2■-4		FRN0240E2 ■-4D							
110	FRN0203E2■-4□ 20			FRN0240E2■-40		FRN0290E2■-4□							
132	FRN0240E2 ■-4□ 24			FRN0290E2 -4[FRN0361E2 ■-4□		1					
160	FRN0290E2 ■-4□ 29			FRN0361E2■-40		FRN0415E2 ■-4□		1.					
200	FRN0361E2 ■-4□ 36			FRN0415E2 -4[FRN0520E2 ■-4□							
220 250	FRN0415E2■-4□ 41	5A FRN0520E2 ■-4□ FRN0590E2 ■-4□		FRN0520E2 ■-40	_ 415A	FRN0590E2 ■-4□	1 415A					7	
280	FRN0520E2■-4□ 52		4//A	FRN0590E2■-4I	TI 520A			VY F VO					
315	FRN0590E2■-4□ 59			1 HN0390L2 -4L	J 320A			5313111					
010	11110330E2 -4E 33	UA .						Little Co.					
Rating condition	Overload current rating 120% -1min Max. ambient 40°C		nbient temp. 0°C	Overload current rating Max.	ambient temp. 50°C		ambient temp. 50°C	Overload current rating Max. 120% -1min	ambient temp. 50°C	Overload current rating Max. an 150% -1min, 5 200% -0.5sec	nbient temp. 60°C		ambient temp. 50°C
	Fans, pumps		11/	Fans, pun	nps			Fans, pum	ips	10 1101			
	Wire drawing			Wire draw	ring			Wire draw	ing				
Application	11 11 11	Vertical convey	ance	Distribution	77.1	Vertical conve	yance	manna	100	Vertical convey	/ance	Vertical conve	yance
						Winding mad	hines			Winding mach	nines	Winding mac	hines
						Printing mac	hines	HARAGH		Printing mach	ines	Printing mac	hines





Customizable Logic

Customizable logic function is available as a standard feature. FRENIC-Ace has built-in customizable logic functions with a maximum of 200 steps including both digital and analog operation functions, giving customers the ability to customize their inverters—from simple logic functions to full-scale programming. Fuji Electric also has plans to offer programming templates for wire drawing machines, hoists, spinning machines, and other applications so that the FRENIC-Ace can be used as a dedicated purpose inverter.





Superior Flexibility

FRENIC-Ace has readily available interface cards and various types of fieldbus / network to maximize its flexibility.

Option	Installation type
RS485 communications card PG interface (5V) card PG interface (12/15V) card	Optional control terminal block Control terminal block
DeviceNet communication card CC-Link communication card PROFIBUS-DP communication card (Coming Soon) EtherNet/IP communication card (Coming Soon) ProfiNet-RT communication card (Coming Soon) CANopen communication card (Coming Soon) Digital input/output interface card Analog input/output interface card	Front face panel Optional front face keypad mount ≥30kW(ND): option card is built-in



Wide Variety Of Functions As A Standard Feature

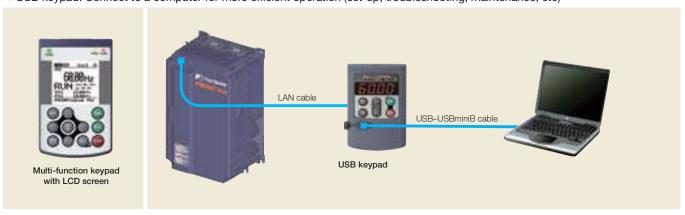
- Sensorless dynamic torque vector control
- Motor vector control with PG (with optional card)
- Synchronous motor with sensorless vector control
- 2-channel on-board RS485 communications port
- Standard CANopen compatibility
- Removable keypad device
- Removable control terminal block board



Multi-Function Keypad (option)

FRENIC-Ace has two different multi-function keypads available

- Multi-function keypad with LCD display: Enhanced HMI functionality
- USB keypad: Connect to a computer for more efficient operation (set-up, troubleshooting, maintenance, etc)





Functional Safety

FRENIC-Ace is equipped with STO functional safety function as a standard. Therefore output circuit magnetic contactors are not required for safe stop implementation. Enhanced standard features position FRENIC-Ace ahead of its class (Safety input: 2CH, output: 1CH).

Complies with (coming soon)

EN ISO 13849-1: 2008, Cat.3 / PL=e

IEC/EN 60204-1: 2005/2006 Stop category 0

IEC/EN 61508-1 to -7: 2010 SIL3

IEC/EN 61800-5-2: 2007 SIL3 (Safety feature: STO)

IEC/EN 62061: 2005 SIL3



10 Years Lifetime Design

FRENIC-Ace components have a design life of ten years.

A longer maintenance cycle also helps to reduce running costs.

	Main circuit capacitor		10 years*
	Electrolytic capacitors on PCB		10 years*
Decima life	Cooling fan		10 years*
Design life		Ambient temperature	+40°C
	Life conditions	Load rate	100% (HHD specifications) 80% (HND/HD/ND specifications)

^{*} ND specifications have a rated current of two sizes higher than HHD specifications, so the life is 7 years.

Standards

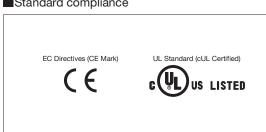
RoHS Directive

Standard compliance with European regulations that limit the use of specific hazardous substances (RoHS)

<Six hazardous Lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyl substances> (PBB), polybrominated biphenyl ether (PBDE) <About RoHS> Directive 2002/95/EC, issued by the European Parliament and European Council, limits the use of specific hazardous substances in electrical and electronic devices.

Global Compliance

Standard compliance





Standard Model Specifications

Three phase 400V class series

	Items						S	pecificatio	ns					
] E2 4E) ¹¹ 0, (FRN □ □ □ E2S] E2S-K(0022~)), (FRN □ □ □ E2S		0002	0004	0006	0007	0012	0022	0029	0037	0044	0059	0072	
		ND	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.0	5.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	
Naminal appli	ed motor *1 [kW]	HD	0.75	1.1	2.2	3.0	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	
ινοιτιιται αρρικ	ed motor [kvv]	HND	0.75	1.1	2.2	3.0*11	5.5*11	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	
		HHD	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	
		ND	1.6	3.1	4.2	5.3	9.1	16	22	28	34	45	55	
	Rated capacity [kVA] ²	HD	1.4	2.6	3.8	4.8	8.5	13	18	24	29	34	46	
	nated capacity [kVA]	HND	1.4	2.6	3.8	4.8*11	8.5*11	13	18	24	29	34	46	
	Rated voltage [V] "3		1.1	1.9	3.2	4.2	6.9	9.9	14	18	23	30	34	
			Three-	ohase 380	to 480V (With AVR)								
Output ratings		ND	2.1	4.1	5.5	6.9	12	21.5	28.5	37.0	44.0	59.0	72.0	
Output ratings	Rated current [A] *4	HD	1.8	3.4	5.0	6.3	11.1	17.5	23.0	31.0	38.0	45.0	60.0	
	hated current [A]	HND	1.8	3.4	5.0	6.3*11	11.1 ^{*11}	17.5	23.0	31.0	38.0	45.0	60.0	
		HHD	1.5	2.5	4.2	5.5	9.0	13.0	18.0	24.0	30.0	39.0	45.0	
		ND, HND	120%	120% of nominal current for 1min										
	Overload capability	HD	150%	of nominal	current fo	or 1min								
		HHD	150% of nominal current for 1min or 200% of nominal current for 0.5s											
	Main power supply		Three-phase 380 to 480V (With AVR)											
	Voltage/frequency va	Voltage: +10 to -15% (Voltage unbalance:2% or less ¹⁸ , Frequency: +5 to -5%)												
	Rated current	ND	2.7	4.8	7.3	11.3	16.8	33.0	43.8	52.3	60.6	77.9	94.3	
		HD	2.7	3.9	7.3	11.3	16.8	23.2	33.0	43.8	52.3	60.6	77.9	
	without DCR *5 [A]	HND	2.7	3.9	7.3	11.3*11	16.8*11	23.2	33.0	43.8	52.3	60.6	77.9	
		HHD	1.7	3.1	5.9	8.2	13.0	17.3	23.2	33.0	43.8	52.3	60.6	
Input ratings	Rated current with DCR '5 [A]	ND	1.5	2.9	4.2	5.8	10.1	21.1	28.8	35.5	42.2	57.0	68.5	
input ratings		HD	1.5	2.1	4.2	5.8	10.1	14.4	21.1	28.8	35.5	42.2	57.0	
		HND	1.5	2.1	4.2	5.8*11	10.1*11	14.4	21.1	28.8	35.5	42.2	57.0	
		HHD	0.85	1.6	3.0	4.4	7.3	10.6	14.4	21.1	28.8	35.5	42.2	
		ND	1.1	2.1	3.0	4.1	7.0	15	20	25	29	39	47	
	Required power supply capacity *6	HD	1.1	1.5	3.0	4.1	7.0	10	15	20	25	29	39	
	[kVA]	HND	1.1	1.5	3.0	4.1*11	7.0*11	10	15	20	25	29	39	
	[icord	HHD	0.6	1.2	2.1	3.1	5.1	7.3	10	15	20	25	29	
		ND	53%	50%	48%	29%	27%	12%						
	Braking torque *7 [%]	HD	53%	68%	48%	29%	27%	15%						
	Diaking torque [70]	HND	53%	68%	48%	29%*11	27%*11	15%						
Braking		HHD	100%		70%	40%		20%						
Diaking	DC braking				-		-	: 0.0 to 30		100% (H	HD spec.)	of nomina	l curren	
	Braking chopper		Built-ir		\-	//		·	. ,,		1			
	Braking resistor		Option											
EMC filter '9								Compliant with	n EMC Directives.	Emission and Im	munity: Category	C3 (2nd Env.) (EN	V61800-3:200	
		ND	Option					1			,,	. /-		
DC reactor (D0	CR)	HND, HD	Option											
(2.	HHD													
Enclosure (IEC	260529)		Option IP20, U	IL open ty	pe									
Cooling metho				cooling	Fan coo	oling								
	ype (EMC Filter Built-in	Type)) [ka]	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.9	5.0(TRD)	5.0(TRD)	8.0(TRD)	9.0(TBD)	9.5(10.5)	10(11.2	
Fuji A-nole sta		1111 [19]				1	l .	a DC reacti	. , ,	. , ,	1 ()	1 (.0.0)	1.5(

- Fuii 4-pole standard motor

Fuji 4-pole standard motor
Rated capacity is calculated by assuming the output rated voltage as 440 V.
Output voltage cannot exceed the power supply voltage.
When the carrier frequency (F26) is set to below value or higher, the inverter is sure to be necessary to derate their nominal current.
HHD spec.—type 0002 to 0012: 8kHz, type 0022 to 0168: 10kHz, type 0203 to 0590: 6kHz
HND spec.—type 0002 to 0012: 8kHz, type 0022 to 0059: 10kHz, type 0072 to 0168: 6kHz, type 0203 to 0590: 4kHz
HD,ND spec.—All type: 4kHz
HD,ND spec.—All type: 4kHz
The rated output current at HD/ND spec. is decreased 2% for every 1 °C (1.8 °F) when ambient temperature is +40 °C (+104 °F) or more.
The value is calculated assuming that the inverter is connected with a power supply with the capacity of 500 kVA
(or 10 times the inverter capacity if the inverter capacity exceeds 50 kVA) and %X is 5%. Be sure to use the DCR when applicable motor capacity is 75kW or above.

- Obtained when a DC reactor (DCR) is used.
- 6 Obtained when a DC reactor (DCR) is used.
 7 Average braking torque for the motor running alone. (It varies with the efficiency of the motor.)
 8 Voltage unbalance (%) =(Max. voltage (V) Min. voltage (V))/Three -phase average voltage (V) × 67 (IEC 61800 3) If this value is 2 to 3%, use an optional AC reactor (ACR).
 9 The EMC Filter Built-in Type supports only a product for EU.
 11 III :S: Standard (basic type), E: EMC filter built-in type (0059 to 0590)
 11 HND spec. of the type 0007 and 0012: allowable ambient temperature 40 °C (+104 °F) or less.
 The rated output current at HND spec. is decreased 1% for every 1 °C (1.8 °F) when ambient temperature is +40 °C (+104 °F) or more.

- ambient temperature is +40 °C (+104 °F) or more.
 *12 ●: A: 1 CAN terminal, 1 analog current output
 B: NONE CAN terminal, 2 analog current output

Standard Model Specifications

Three phase 400V class series

	Items						S	pecificatio	ns					
Type (FRN□□	□□E2 ■ -4E) *11		0085	0105	0139	0168	0203	0240	0290	0361	0415	0520	0590	
(FRN□□	□□E2S-4A)		0000	0100	0100	0100	0200	0240	0230	0001	0410	0020	0000	
		ND	45	55	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	280	315	
Nominal appli	ed motor *1 [kW]	HD	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	250	
	,	HND	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	280	
		HHD	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	
		ND	65	80	106	128	155	183	221	275	316	396	450	
	Rated capacity [kVA] *2	HD	57	69	85	114	134	160	193	232	287	316	364	
	rated supusity [KW1]	HND	57	69	85	114	134	160	193	232	287	316	396	
		HHD	46	57	69	85	114	134	160	193	232	287	316	
	Rated voltage [V] *3		Three-	ohase 380	to 480V (With AVR)						-		
Output ratings		ND	85.0	105	139	168	203	240	290	361	415	520	590	
Output ratings	Rated current [A] *4	HD	75.0	91.0	112	150	176	210	253	304	377	415	477	
	nated current [A]	HND	75.0	91.0	112	150	176	210	253	304	377	415	520	
		HHD	60.0	75.0	91.0	112	150	176	210	253	304	377	415	
		ND, HND	120%	of nominal	current fo	r 1min								
	Overload capability	HD	150%	of nominal	current fo	r 1min								
		HHD	150%	of nominal	current fo	r 1min or	200% of r	ominal cu	rrent for 0	.5s				
	Main a succession to	<u>'</u>	Three-pha	ase 380 to	Three-pha	se 380 to		Three-pl	nase 380 t	o 440V, 50	OHz			
	Main power supply		480V (W	480V (With AVR) 480V, 50/60Hz Three-phase 380 to 480V, 60Hz ⁻⁹										
	Voltage/frequency va	riations	Voltage	Voltage: +10 to -15% (Voltage unbalance:2% or less '8, Frequency: +5 to -5%)										
	Rated current without DCR '5 [A]	ND	114	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		HD	94.3	114	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		HND	94.3	114	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		HHD	77.9	94.3	114	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
lanut vations		ND	83.2	102	138	164	201	238	286	357	390	500	559	
Input ratings	Rated current	HD	68.5	83.2	102	138	164	201	238	286	357	390	443	
	with DCR *5 [A]	HND	68.5	83.2	102	138	164	201	238	286	357	390	500	
		HHD	57.0	68.5	83.2	102	138	164	201	238	286	357	390	
		ND	58	71	96	114	139	165	199	248	271	347	388	
	Required power	HD	47	58	71	96	114	140	165	199	248	271	307	
	supply capacity *6	HND	47	58	71	96	114	140	165	199	248	271	347	
	[kVA]	HHD	39	47	58	71	96	114	140	165	199	248	271	
		ND	5 to 9%	6										
	7 70/1	HD	7 to 12	%										
	Braking torque *7 [%]	HND	7 to 12	%										
Dualda a		HHD	10 to 1	5%										
Braking		1	Startin	g frequenc	cy: 0.0 to 6	0.0Hz, Bra	aking time	: 0.0 to 30	.0s,					
	DC braking		Braking	g level: 0 t	to 60% (N	D spec.), () to 80% (HD/HND s	spec.), 0 to	100% (H	HD spec.)	of nomina	l current	
	Braking chopper		Option											
	Braking resistor		Option											
EMC filter *10			Compl	ant with E	MC Direct	ives, Emis	sion and I	mmunity:	Category	C3 (2nd E	nv.) (EN61	800-3:200	4)	
		ND		tion					hed as sta	•				
DC reactor (De	CR)	HND, HD		Option	1			,	Attached a	s standar	d			
,	,	HHD		Op	tion	1			Attac	hed as sta	andard			
Enclosure (IEC	C60529)		IP00, L	JL open ty										
Cooling metho			Fan co											
	ype (EMC Filter Built-in	Type)) [ka]	25(26)	26(27)	30(31)	33(33)	40(40)	62(62)	63(63)	95(95)	96(96)	130(130)	140(140	
Fuji 4-pole sta		ופייז ווי- דו	()	()	(0 .)	1 (00)	(. •)	(1 (00)	1 - (00)	(0 0)	()	(0	

Mass (Basic Type (EMC Filter Built-in Type) [kg] 25(26) 26(27) 30(31) 33(33) 40(40) 62(62) 63(63) 95(95) 96(96) 130(130) 140(140)

11 Fuji 4-pole standard motor

12 Rated capacity is calculated by assuming the output rated voltage as 440 V.

13 Output voltage cannot exceed the power supply voltage.

14 When the carrier frequency (F26) is set to below value or higher, the inverter is sure to be necessary to derate their nominal current.

15 HHD spec.---rype 0002 to 0012: 8kHz, type 0022 to 0059: 10kHz, type 0020 to 0168: 6kHz, type 0203 to 0590: 4kHz

16 HND spec.----lype 0002 to 0012: 8kHz, type 0022 to 0059: 10kHz, type 0072 to 0168: 6kHz, type 0203 to 0590: 4kHz

17 Ho rated output current at HD/ND spec. is decreased 2% for every 1 °C (1.8 °F) when ambient temperature is +40 °C (+104 °F) or more.

18 Eaure to use the DCR when applicable motor capacity is 75kW or above.

19 Obtained when a DC reactor (DCR) is used.

20 Average braking torque for the motor running alone. (It varies with the efficiency of the motor.)

21 Voltage unbalance (%) =(Max. voltage (V) - Min. voltage (V)) - Min. voltage (V) - Min. voltage (V) - Min. voltage (V) - Min. voltage and frequency.

21 The 400 V class series with type 0203 or above is equipped with a set of switching connectors (male) which should be configured according to the power source voltage and frequency.

22 The EMC Filter Built-in Type supports only a product for EU.



Standard Model Specifications

Three phase 200V class series (Basic Type)

	Items							Sp	ecificatio	ns					
Type (FRN E2	Type (FRNE2S-2A(0030~)) *9, (FRNE2S-2G • (0001~0020))* HND			0002	0004	0006	0010	0012	0020	0030	0040	0056	0069	0088	0115
Name in all and it	Nominal applied motor *1 [kW]		0.2	0.4	0.75	1.1	2.2	3.0*11	5.5*11	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30
потппагаррів	ed motor - [kvv]	HHD	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22
	Dated consoits (IA/A1 *2	HND	0.5	0.8	1.3	2.3	3.7	4.6*11	7.5*11	11	15	21	26	34	44
	Rated capacity [kVA] *2	HHD	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.2	6.7	9.5	13	18	23	29	34
	Rated voltage [V] *3		Three	-phase 2	200 to 24	OV (With	AVR)								
Output ratings	Rated current [A] *4	HND	1.3	2.0	3.5	6.0	9.6	12 ^{*11}	19.6 ^{*11}	30	40	56	69	88	115
	nated current [A]	HHD	0.8	1.6	3.0	5.0	8.0	11	17.5	25	33	47	60	76	90
	Overload capability	HND	120%	of nomi	inal curre	ent for 1n	nin								
	Overload dapability	HHD	150% of nominal current for 1min or 200% of nominal current for 0.5s												
	Main power supply		Three-phase 200 to 240V, 50/60Hz												
	Voltage/frequency vari	ations	Voltage: +10 to -15% (Voltage unbalance:2% or less ¹⁸ , Frequency: +5 to -5%)												
	Rated current	HND	1.8	2.6	4.9	6.7	12.8	17.9 ^{*11}	31.9 ^{*11}	42.7	60.7	80.0	97.0	112	151
Innut ratings	without DCR *5 [A]	HHD	1.1	1.8	3.1	5.3	9.5	13.2	22.2	31.5	42.7	60.7	80.0	97.0	112
Input ratings	Rated current	HND	0.93	1.6	3.0	4.3	8.3	11.7'11	19.9*11	28.8	42.2	57.6	71.0	84.4	114
	with DCR *5 [A]	HHD	0.57	0.93	1.6	3.0	5.7	8.3	14.0	21.1	28.8	42.2	57.6	71.0	84.4
	Required power	HND	0.4	0.6	1.1	1.5	2.9	4.1 ^{*11}	6.9 ^{*11}	10	15	20	25	30	40
	supply capacity *6 [kVA]	HHD	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.1	2.0	2.9	4.9	7.3	10	15	20	25	30
	Braking torque *7 [%]	HND	75%		53%	68%	48%	29%*11	27%*11	15%					
	Braking torque [70]	HHD	150%)	100%		70%	40%		20%					
Braking	DC braking		Starti	ng frequ	ency: 0.0	to 60.0l	Hz, Braki	ing time:	0.0 to 30	0.0s,					
Draining	Do braining		Brakir	ng level:	0 to 609	% (ND sp	oec.), 0 to	o 80% (H	ID/HND :	spec.), 0	to 100%	(HHD s	pec.) of r	nominal	current
	Braking chopper		Built-	in											
	Braking resistor		Optio	n											
HND		HND	Optio	n											
DC reactor (D0	∪n)	HHD	Optio	n											
Enclosure (IEC	60529)		IP20,	UL oper	type										
Cooling metho	Cooling method			Naturalural cool Fan cooling											
Mass [kg]			0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.5	1.5	1.8	5.0	5.0	8.0	9.0	9.5	10

- Fuji 4-pole standard motor Rated capacity is calculated by assuming the output rated voltage as 220 V.
- 2 Rated capacity is calculated by assuming the output rated voltage as 220 V.
 3 Output voltage cannot exceed the power supply voltage.
 4 When the carrier frequency (F26) is set to below value or higher, the inverter is sure to be necessary to derate their nominal current. HHD spec.—type 0001 to 0020 : 8kHz, type 0030 to 0115 : 10kHz, type 0088,0115 : 4kHz
 5 The value is calculated assuming that the inverter is connected with a power supply with the capacity of 500 kVA (or 10 times the inverter capacity if the inverter capacity exceeds 50 kVA) and %X is 5%.
 6 Obtained when a DC reactor (DCR) is used.
 7 Average braking torque for the motor running alone. (It varies with the efficiency of the motor.)
 8 Voltage unbalance (%) = (Max. voltage (Y) Min. voltage (Y)/Three phase average voltage (V) × 67 (IEC 61800 3) If this value is 2 to 3%, use an optional AC reactor (ACR).
 9 Three phase 200V class series supports only a product for Asia
 10 HND spec. of the type 0012 and 0020: allowable ambient temperature 40 °C (+104 °F) or less. The rated output current at HND spec. is decreased 1% for every 1 °C (1.8 °F) when ambient temperature is +40 °C (+104 °F) or more.
 *11 ♠: A: 1 CAN terminal, 1 analog current output
 B: NONE CAN terminal, 2 analog current output

	Items	Specifications	Remarks
	Maximum frequency	- HHD/HND/HD spec.: 25 to 500 Hz variable (V/f control mode, Magnetic pole position sensorless vector control mode) (Up to 200 Hz under vector control with speed sensor) - ND spec.: 25 to 120 Hz variable (all control mode)	IMPG-VC
	Base frequency	25 to 500 Hz variable (in conjunction with the maximum frequency)	
	Starting frequency	0.1 to 60.0 Hz variable (0.0 Hz under vector control with speed sensor)	IMPG-VC
Output	Carrier frequency	Three phase 400V class - Type 0002 to 0059: - 0.75 to 16kHz variable (HHD/HND/HD spec.) - 0.75 to 10kHz variable (ND spec.) - Type 0072 to 0168: - 0.75 to 16kHz variable (HHD spec.) - 0.75 to 16kHz variable (HND/HD spec.) - 0.75 to 6kHz variable (ND spec.) - Type 0203 or above type of capacity: - 0.75 to 10kHz variable (HHD spec.) - 0.75 to 6kHz variable (HHD spec.) - 0.75 to 6kHz variable (HHD/HD/ND spec.) Type 0203 or above type of capacity: - 0.75 to 16kHz variable (HND/HD/ND spec.) Three phase 200V class - Type 0030,0040,0056,0069 - 0.75 to 16kHz variable (HHD/HND/ spec.) Note: Carrier frequency drops automatically to protect the inverter depending on environmental temperature and output current. (This auto drop function can be canceled.)	
	Output frequency accuracy (Stability)	- Analog setting: ±0.2% of maximum frequency 25±10°C - Keypad setting: ±0.01% of maximum frequency -10 to +50°C	
	Frequency setting resolution	- Analog setting: 0.05% of maximum frequency - Keypad setting: 0.01 Hz (99.99 Hz or less), 0.1 Hz (100.0 to 500.0 Hz) - Link setting: 0.005% of maximum frequency or 0.01 Hz (fixed)	
	Speed control range	- 1 : 1500 (Minimum speed : Nominal speed, 4-pole, 1 to 1500 rpm) - 1 : 100 (Minimum speed : Nominal speed, 4-pole, 15 to 1500 rpm) - 1 : 10 (Minimum speed : Nominal speed, 6-pole, 180 to 1800 rpm)	IMPG-VC IMPG-VF PM-SVC
	Speed control accuracy	- Analog setting: ±0.2% of maximum frequency or below 25 ±10°C - Digital setting: ±0.01% of maximum frequency or below -10 to +50°C - Analog setting: ±0.5% of base frequency or below 25 ±10°C	IMPG-VC
	Control method Voltage/Frequency characteristic	Digital setting: ±0.5% of base frequency or below -10 to +50°C V/f control Speed sensor less vector control (Dynamic torque vector control) V/f control with slip compensation active V/f control with speed sensor (The PG option card is required.) V/f Control with speed sensor (+Auto Torque Boost) (The PG option card is required.) Vector control with speed sensor (The PG option card is required.) Vector control without magnetic pole position sensor Possible to set output voltage at base frequency and at maximum output frequency (160 to 500 V).	VF IM-SVC(DTV) VF with SC IMPG-VF IMPG-ATB IMPG-VC PM-SVC
	Torque boost	 Non-linear V/f setting (3 points): Free voltage (0 to 500 V) and frequency (0 to 500 Hz) can be set. Auto torque boost (For constant torque load) Manual torque boost: Torque boost value can be set between 0.0 and 20.0%. Select application load with the function code. (Variable torque load or constant torque load) 	
Control	Starting torque	Three phase 400V class - 200% or above (HHD spec.:type 0072 or below) / 150% or higher (HHD spec.:type 0085 or above) at reference frequency 0.5Hz - 120% or higher at reference frequency 0.5Hz, (HND/ND spec.) - 150% or higher at reference frequency 0.5Hz, (HD spec.) (Base frequency 50 Hz, with activating the slip compensation and the auto torque boost mode, applied motor is Fuji 4-pole standard motor.) Three phase 200V class - 200% or above (HHD spec.:type 0069 or below) at reference frequency 0.5Hz - 120% or higher at reference frequency 0.5Hz, (HND spec.) (Base frequency 50 Hz, with activating the slip compensation and the auto torque boost mode, applied motor is Fuji 4-pole standard motor.)	
	Start/Stop operation	- Keypad: Start and stop with Run and Stop keys (Standard keypad) - External signals (digital inputs): Forward (Reverse) rotation, stop command (capable of 3-wire operation), coast-to-stop command, external alarm, alarm reset, etc. - Link operation: Operation via built-in RS-485 or field bus (option) communications - Switching operation command: Remote/local switching, link switching	

FRENIC ACC

Items	Specifications	Remarks
	- Keypad: Settable with and keys	
Frequency setting	- External volume: Available to be set with external frequency command potentiometer. (1 to 5 kΩ 1/2 W) - Analog input: 0 to ±10 V DC (±5 V DC)/ 0 to ±100% (terminal [12]) 0 to +10 V DC (+5 V DC)/ 0 to +100% (terminal [21]) +4 to +20 mA DC/ 0 to 100% (terminal [C1]) 0 to +20 mA DC/ -100 to 0 to 100% (terminal [C1]) 0 to +20 mA DC/ -100 to 0 to 100% (terminal [C1]) 0 to +20 mA DC/ -100 to 0 to 100% (terminal [C1]) 0 to +10 V DC (+5 V DC)/ 0 to +100% (terminal [V2]) - UP/DOWN operation: Frequency can be increased or decreased while the digital input signal is ON. - Multi-step frequency: Selectable from 16 different frequencies (step 0 to 15) - Pattern Operation Mode: Automatically run in accordance with the previously configured running time, rotation direction, acceleration/deceleration and reference frequency. Maximum allowable settings are 7 stages. - Link operation: Can be specified via built-in RS-485 or Can be specified via bus communicatons. (Option) - Switching frequency setting source: Two of frequency settings source can be switched with an external signal(digital input). Remote/local switching, Link switching - Auxiliary frequency setting: Inputs at terminals [12], [C1] or [V2] can be added to the main setting as auxiliary	Analog inpubetween DC+1 to +5\(^1\) is available with analog bias/gain function for input.
	frequency settings.	
	- Operation at a specified ratio: The ratio can be set by analog input signal. Inverse operation: Switchable from "0 to +10 VDC/0 to 100%" to "+10 to 0 VDC/0 to 100%" by external command. (terminals [12]/[V2]) : Switchable from "0 to -10 VDC/0 to -100%" to "-10 to 0 VDC/0 to -100%" by external command. (terminal [12]) : Switchable from "4 to +20 mA DC/0 to 100%" to "+20 to 4 mA DC/0 to 100%" by external command.(terminal [C1]) : Switchable from "0 to +20 mA DC/0 to 100%" to "+20 to 4 mA DC/0 to 100%" by external command.(terminal [C1])	
	- Pulse train input (standard): Pulse input = Terminal [X5], Rotational direction = Another input terminal except [X5]. Complementary output: Max. 100 kHz, Open collector output: Max. 30 kHz	
	 Pulse train input (option):The PG option card is required. CW/CCW pulse, pulse + rotational direction Complementary output: Max. 100 kHz, Open collector output: Max. 30 kHz 	
Acceleration/ Deceleration time	- Setting range: From 0.00 to 6000 s - Switching: The four types of acceleration/deceleration time can be set or selected individually (switchable during operation) Acceleration/deceleration pattern: Linear acceleration/deceleration, S-shape acceleration/deceleration (weak, free (set by function codes)), curvilinear acceleration/deceleration - Deceleration mode (coast-to-stop):Shut-off of the run command makes the motor coast to a stop ACC./DEC. time for "Jogging operation" can be set. (0.00 to 6000s) - Deceleration time for forcible stop: Deceleration stop by the forcible stop (STOP). S-curve will be canceled during "Force to Stop".	
Frequency limiter (Upper limit and lower limit frequencies)	- Specifies the upper and lower limits in Hz Selectable for the operation performed when the reference frequency drops below the lower limit specified by related function code.	
Bias for frequency/ PID command	- Bias of set frequency and PID command can be independently set(setting range: 0 to ±100%).	
Analog input	- Gain : Set in the range from 0 to 200% - Off-set : Set in the range from -5.0 to +5.0% - Filter : Set in the range from 0.00s to 5.00 s - Polarity : Select from ± or +	
Jump frequency	- Three operation points and their common jump width (0.0 to 30.0 Hz) can be set.	
Timer operation	- Operate and stop by the time set with keypad. (1 cycle operation)	
Jogging operation	- Operation with (key (standard keypad), (wo or (key (multi-functional keypad), or digital contact input FWD or REV.(Exclusive acceleration/deceleration time setting, exclusive frequency setting)	
Auto-restart after momentary power failure	(
(Trip at power failure) (Trip at power recovery) (Deceleration stop) (Continue to run)	The inverter trips immediately after power failure. Coast-to-stop at power failure and trip at power recovery Deceleration stop at power failure, and trip after stoppage	
(Start at the frequency selected before momentary power failure)	Operation is continued using the load inertia energy. Coast-to-stop at power failure and start after power recovery at the frequency selected before momentary stop.	

	Items	Specifications	Remarks
	(Start at starting frequency)	Coast-to-stop at power failure and start at the starting frequency after power recovery.	
	(Start at the searched frequency)	Coast-to-stop at power failure and start at the serched frequency after power recovery.	
	Hardware current limiter	- Limits the current by hardware to prevent an overcurrent trip caused by fast load variation or momentary power failure, which cannot be covered by the software current limiter. This limiter can be canceled.	
	Software current limiter	- Automatically reduces the frequency so that the output current becomes lower than the preset operation level.	
	Operation by commercial power supply	- With commercial power selection command, the inverter outputs 50/60 Hz (SW50,SW60).	
	Slip compensation	- Compensates the motor slip in order to keep their speed at the reference one regardless of their load torque Adjustable compensation time constant is possible.	
	Droop control	- In a machine driven with multi-motor system, this function adjusts the speed of each motor individually to balance their load torque.	
	Torque limiter	Control output torque or torque current so that output torque or torque current are preset limiting value or less. (The torque current limit is only available in IMPG-VC or PM-SVC mode.) - Switchable between 1st and 2nd torque limit values.	
	Torque current limiter	- "Torque limit" and "Torque current limit" are selectable "Torque limit" or "Torque current limit" by analog input.	IMPG-VC PM-SVC
	Overload stopping	- When detected torque or current exceed the preset value, inverter will decelerate and stop or will coast to stop a motor.	
	PID Control	- PID processor for process control/dancer control - Normal operation/inverse operation - PID command: Keypad, analog input (from terminals [12], [C1] and [V2]), Multi-step setting(Selectable from 3 points), RS-485 communication - PID feedback value (from terminals [12], [C1] and [V2]) - Alarm output (absolute value alarm, deviation alarm) - Low liquid level stop function - Anti-reset wind-up function - PID output limiter - Integration reset/hold	
	Auto-reset	- The auto-reset function that makes the inverter automatically attempt to reset the tripped state and restart without issuing an alarm output (for any alarm) even if any protective function subject to reset is activated. - The allowable maximum number of reset times for the inverter to automatically attempt to escape the tripped state is 20.	
itrol	Auto search for idling motor speed	- The inverter automatically searches for the idling motor speed to start to drive without stopping. (Motor constants must be needed tuning: Auto-tuning (offline))	
Contro	Automatic deceleration	 If the DC link bus voltage or calculated torque exceeds the automatic deceleration level during deceleration, the inverter automatically prolongs the deceleration time to avoid overvoltage trip. (It is possible to select forcible deceleration actuated when the deceleration time becomes three times longer.) If the calculated torque exceeds automatic deceleration level during constant speed operation, the inverter avoids overvoltage trip by increasing the frequency. 	
	Deceleration characteristic (improved braking capacity)	- The motor loss is increased during deceleration to reduce the regenerative energy in the inverter to avoid overvoltage trip.	
	Auto energy saving operation	- The output voltage is controlled to minimize the total power loss of the motor and the inverter at a constant speed.	
	Overload prevention control	- If the ambient temperature or internal IGBT junction temperature is almost near the overheat level due to overload, the inverter drops its output frequency automatically in order to escape overload situation.	
	Auto-tuning (off-line)	 Measures the motor parameters while the motor is stopped or running, for setting up motor parameters. Tuning mode to only identify %R1 and %X. Tuning mode to identify the parameters for PM motor. 	
	Auto-tuning (on-line)	- Automatically adjusts motor parameters while the motor is driving in order to prevent the motor speed fluctuation caused by the temperature rise of the motor.	
	Cooling fan ON/OFF control	- Detects inverter internal temperature and stops cooling fan when the temperature is low the fan control signal can be output to an external device.	
	1st to 2nd motor settings	- Switchable among the two motors. It is possible to set the base frequency, rated current, torque boost, and electronic thermal slip compensation as the data for 1st to 2nd motors.	
	Universal DI	The status of external digital signal connected with the universal digital input terminal is transferred to the host controller.	
	Universal DO	Digital command signal from the host controller is output to the universal digital output terminal.	
	Universal AO Speed control	The analog command signal from the host controller is output to the analog output terminal. - Notch filter for vibration control (For IMPG-VC) - Selectable among the four set of the auto speed regulator (ASR) parameters.	IMPG-VC PM-SVC
	Line speed control	(The PG option card is required.) In a machine such as winder/unwinder, regulates the motor speed to keep the peripheral speed of the roll constant. (The PG option card is required.)	IMPG-VF
	Positioning control with pulse counter	The positioning control starts from the preset start point and counts the feedback pulses from PG inside the inverter. The motor can be automatically started decelerating to the cleep speed which can be detected the target position so that the motor can stop near the position.(The PG option card is required.)	Excluded IMPG-VC PM-SVC



	Items	Specifications	Remarks
Maste	er-follower ation	Enables synchronous operation of two motors equipped with a pulse generator(PG).(The PG option card is required.)	
Pre-ex	xcitation	Excitation is carried out to create the motor flux before starting the motor.(The PG option card is required.)	IMPG-VC
Zero s	speed control	The motor speed is held to zero by forcibly zeroing the speed command.(The PG option card is required.)	IMPG-VC
Servo	lock	Stops the motor and holds the motor in the stopped position.(The PG option card is required.)	IMPG-VC
DC br	raking	When the run command turns OFF and the motor speed fall below the preset DC braking starting speed, the inverter starts to inject DC current into the motor in order to stop the motor. When the run command turns ON, the inverter starts to inject DC current into the motor in order to pre-excite.	
Mecha	anical brake ol	 The inverter can output the signal which ON/OFF timing adjusted so that the mechanical brake can be turned in conjunction with detected current, torque, frequency, and release/apply delay timers. Mechanical brake interlock input 	Excluded PM-SVC
Torqu	ie control	 Analog torque/torque current command input Speed limit function is provided to prevent the motor from becoming out of control. Torque bias (analog setting, digital setting) 	IMPG-VC
contro	ional direction ol	- Select either of reverse or forward rotation prevention.	
Custo	omizable logic ace	The digital logic circuits and an analog arithmetic circuits can be chosen and connected with digital/analog input/output signals. The simple relay sequence which the customers demands can be constituted and made to calculate. - Logic circuit (Digital) AND, OR, XOR, flip-flops, rising/falling edge detection, counters, etc. (Analog) Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, limitter, absolute value, sign inversion addition, comparison, highest selection, lowest selection, average value, measure conversion. - Multifunctional timer On-delay, off-delay, pulse train, etc. Setting range: 0.0 to 600 s - Input/output signal terminal input / output, inverter control function - Others The 200 steps are available. Each step has 2 inputs and 1 output.	
- Wire - Hois - Spin	cable functions for drawing machine at uning machine verse)	The specific functions which is suitable for each application field are realized by customizable logics.	
Displa	ay	Detachable with 7 segments LEDs (4 digits) , 7 keys(PRG/RESET,FUNC/DATA,UP,DOWN, RUN,STOP,SHIFT) and 6LED indicator (KEYPAD CONTROL,Hz,A,kW,×10,RUN)	
Runni	ing/Stopping	Speed monitor (reference frequency, output frequency, motor speed, load shaft speed, line speed, and speed indication with percent), Output current in RMS[A], Output voltage in RMS[V], Calculated torque [%], Input power [kW], PID command value, PID feedback value, PID output, Timer (Timer operation)[s], Load factor [%], Motor output [kW] Torque current [%], Magnetic flux command [%], Analog input[%], Input watt hour [kWh] Constant feeding rate time (set value) (min), Constant feeding rate time (running) (s)	
Maint	enance monitor	- Displays DC link bus voltage, Max. Output current in RMS, Input watt-hour, Input watt-hour data, Temperature (inside the inverter and heat sink, Maximum value of each one), Capacitance of the DC link bus capacitor, Lifetime of DC link bus capacitor (elapsed hours and remaining hours), Cumulative run time of power-ON time counter of the inverter, electrolytic capacitors on the printed circuit boards, cooling fan and each motor, Remaining time before the next motor maintenance, Remaining startup times before the next maintenance, Number of startups (of each motor), Light alarm factors (Latest to 3rd last), Contents and numbers of RS-485 communications errors, Option error factors , Number of option errors ,ROM version of Inverter, Keypad and Option port.	
	necking	Shows the status of the terminal Digital input/output, Relay out, Analog input/output.	
Trip m		Displays the cause of trip by codes.	
	-alarm ing or trip mode	Shows the light-alarm display <i>I-al</i> . - Trip history: Saves and displays the cause of the last four trips (with a code). - Saves and displays the detailed operation status data of the last four trips.	
Install	lation location	- Saves and displays the detailed operation status data of the last four trips. Indoors	
Ambie		Standard (Open Type) -10 to +50°C (HHD/HND spec.) -10 to +40°C (HD/ND spec.) NEMA/UL Type 1 -10 to +40°C (HHD/HND spec.) -10 to +30°C (HD/ND spec.)	
Ambie	ent humidity	5 to 95%RH (without condensation)	
	sphere	Shall be free from corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist, dusts, vapor, water drops and direct sunlight. (Pollution degree 2 (IEC60664-1)) The atmosphere must contain only a low level of salt. (0.01 mg/cm2 or less per year)	

	Items			Specifications			Remarks				
		1000m or lower If the inverter is used in an altitude above 1000 m, you should apply an output current derating factor as listed in below table.									
		Altitude		Output current derating	factor						
	Aur	1000m or lower		1.00							
	Altitude	1000 to 1500m		0.97							
		1500 to 2000m		0.95							
_		2000 to 2500m		0.91							
ner		2500 to 3000m		0.88							
วทน											
Operating environment		Three phase 400V class series	Т	YPE:0203 or below	Т`	YPE:0240 or above					
βL		2 to less than 9Hz		lax. amplitude)		ax. amplitude)					
atii		9 to less than 20Hz	9.8m/s ²	' /	2m/s ²	art ampridad)					
be		20 to less than 55Hz 2m			2m/s ²						
0		55 to less than 200Hz	1m/s ²		1m/s ²						
	Vibration										
		Three phase 200V class series	Т	YPE:0069 or below							
		2 to less than 9Hz	3mm:(M	lax. amplitude)							
		9 to less than 20Hz	9.8m/s ²								
		20 to less than 55Hz	2m/s ²								
		55 to less than 200Hz	1m/s ²								
ij	Temperature	-25 to +70°C (in transport)	Avoid su	ich places where the invert	er will be	subjected to sudden changes in					
ЭШС	·	-25 to +65°C (in storage)		ature that will cause conder							
iror	Relative humidity	5 to 95%RH	tompore								
Storage environment	Atmosphere	The inverter must not be exposed drops or vibration. The atmosphere				able gases, oil mist, vapor, water ng/cm2 or less per year)					
ora	Atmospheric	86 to 106kPa (during storage)									
S	pressure	70 to 106kPa (during transportation	n)								

*Note: The meaning of the described abbreviations are shown as follows.

VF V/f control

IM-SVC(DTV) Speed sensorless vector control (Dynamictorquevector control)

VF with SC V/f control with slip compensation

IMPG-VF V/f control with speed sensor (The PG option card is required.)

IMPG-ATB V/f control with speed sensor (+Auto Torque Boost)(The PG option card is required.)

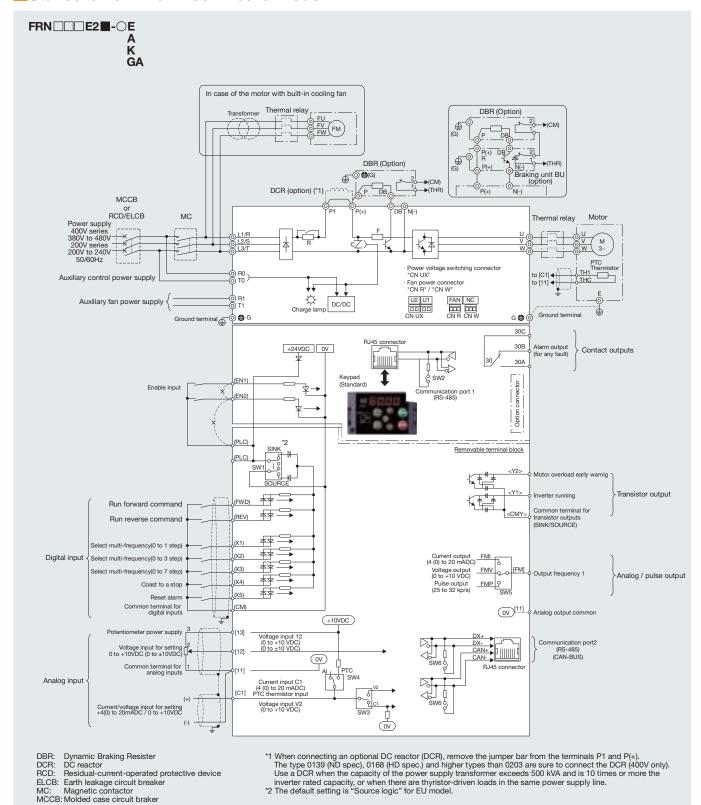
IMPG-VC Vector control with speed sensor (The PG option card is required.)

PM-SVC Magnetic pole position sensorless vector control



Basic Wiring Diagram

Standard Terminal Block Board Model

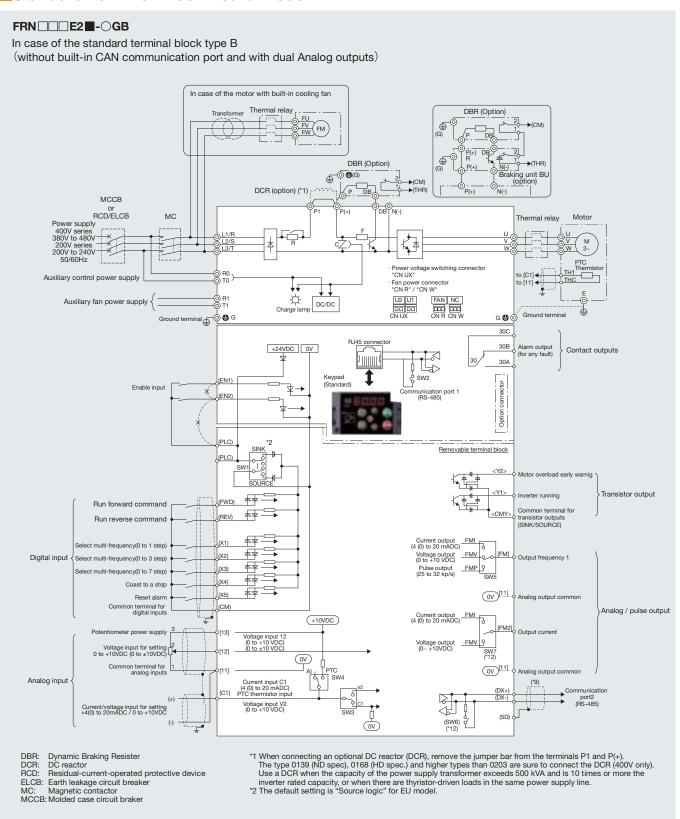


NOTE

This wiring diagram is to be used as a reference only when using standard terminal block model. When wiring your inverter and/or before applying power, please always follow the connection diagrams and the relevant information written in the User's Manual.

Basic Wiring Diagram

Standard Terminal Block Board Model





NOTE

This wiring diagram is to be used as a reference only when using standard terminal block model. When wiring your inverter and/or before applying power, please always follow the connection diagrams and the relevant information written in the User's Manual.



Terminal Functions

Categoly	S	ymbol	Name	Functions	Remarks				
	L1/R, I	L2/S,L3/T	Main circuit power inputs	Connect the three-phase input power lines.					
	R0, T0)	Auxiliary power input for the control circuit	For a backup of the control circuit power supply, connect AC power lines same as that of the main power input.	Type 0059 or above (400V only)				
Main circuit	R1, T1		Auxiliary power input for the cooling fans	Normally, no need to use these terminals.Use these terminals for an auxiliary power input of the fans in a power system using a power regenerative PWM converter.	Type 0203 or above (400V only)				
ä	U, V, V		Inverter outputs	Connect a three-phase motor.					
ž	P(+), P		For DC REACTOR connection	Connects a DC REACTOR					
	P(+), N	1(-)	For BRAKING UNIT connection/For DC bus	Connects a braking resistor via the braking unit. Used for a DC bus connection system.					
	P(+), D)B	Braking resistor	Connect an external braking resistor (option).	Type 0072 or below (400V series) Type 0069 or below (200V series)				
	⊕ G		Grounding for inverter	Grounding terminals for the inverter.					
	[13]		Power supply for the potentiometer	Power supply (+10 VDC) for frequency command potentiometer (Variable resistor : 1 to 5 k Ω is applicable). The potentiometer of 1/2 W rating or more should be connected.	Maximum supply rating : 10 VDC, 10 mADC.				
			Analog setting voltage input	- External input voltage to be used as a below command.	Input impedance : 22 kΩ Maximum input level : ±15 VDC				
		<normal operation=""></normal>		0 10 ±10 VDC / 0 10 ±10 VDC / 0 10 ±10 U70					
	[12]		<inverse operation=""></inverse>	+10 to 0 to -10VDC / -100% to 0 to 100% -10V to 0 to +10VDC / +100% to 0 to -100%	-10 to 10 VDC regardless of excessive input of ±10 VDC.				
		(PID contro		-Use as PID command value or PID feedback signal.	Gain: 0 to 200% Offset: 0 to ±5%				
		(Auxiliary frequency setting)		-Use as additional auxiliary setting to various frequency setting.	Bias : ±100% Filter : 0.00 to 5.00s				
		(C1)	Analog setting current input	-External input voltage to be used as a below command.	Input impedance: 250Ω				
			<normal operation=""></normal>	4 to 20 mADC / 0 to 100%/ -100% to 0 to 100% (*1)	Maximum input 30 mADC Input level is limited up to 20				
Analog inputs			<pre><inverse operation=""></inverse></pre>	0 to 20 mADC / 0 to 100%/ -100% to 0 to 100% (*1) 20 to 4 mADC / 0 to 100%/ -100% to 0 to 100% (*1) 20 to 0 mADC / 0 to 100%/ -100% to 0 to 100% (*1)	mADC regardless of excessive input of 20 mADC.				
\nalog			(PID control)	-Use as PID command value or PID feedback signal.	Gain: 0 to 200%				
1			(Auxiliary frequency setting)	-Use as additional auxiliary setting to various frequency setting.	Offset: 0 to ±5% Bias: ±100% Filter: 0.00 to 5.00s				
	[C1]	(V2)	Analog setting current input	-External input voltage to be used as a below command.	Input impedance: 22kΩ				
		(1-)	<normal operation=""></normal>	0 to +10 VDC/ 0 to 100% /-100 to 0 to 100% (0 to +5 VDC/ 0 to100%) 0 to +10 VDC/ 0 to ±100% /-100 to 0 to 100%(*1) (0 to +5 VDC/ 0 to ±100%)	Maximum input ±15 VDC Input level is limited among				
							<inverse operation=""></inverse>	+10 to 0VDC/0 to 100%/-100% to 0 to 100% +10 to 0 VDC / 0 to ±100% /-100 to 0 to 100%(*1) (+5 to 0 VDC/0 to ±100%)	-10 to 10 VDC regardless of excessive input of ±10 VDC.
			(PID control)	-Use as PID command value or PID feedback signal.	Gain: 0 to 200% Offset: 0 to ±5%				
			(Auxiliary frequency setting1,2)	-Use as additional auxiliary setting to various frequency setting.	Bias: ±100% Filter: 0.00 to 5.00s				
		(PTC)	(PTC thermistor)	-PTC thermistor connection to protect the motor overheat.					
	[11]		Analog common	Common terminals for analog input signals [12], [13], [C1], and analog output signals [FM].	This terminal is electrically isolated from terminal [CM], [CMY].				
			Analog common	The output can be either analog DC voltage (0 to 10 VDC), analog DC current (4(0) to 20 mADC) or pulse train (25 to 32000 p/s). Any one item can be selected from the following items.					
			<voltage output="">(*3)</voltage>	0 to +10 VDC / 0 to 100% (0 to +5 VDC / 0 to 100%)					
				Input impedance of the external device: Min. $5k\Omega$ (at 0 to 10 VDC output) (While the terminal is outputting 0 to 10 VDC, it is capable of driving up to two analog voltmeters with 10 $k\Omega$ impedance.)					
Analog outputs	[FM]		<current output="">(*3)</current>	4 to 20 mADC / 0 to 100% 0 to 20 mADC / 0 to 100% Input impedance of the external device: Max. 500Ω (at 4(0) to 20 mA DC output)	Gain: 0 to 300%				
Analog	[FM2] [*]	"2	Pulse monitor(*3)	Output form Pulse output: 25 to 32000 p/s at full scale, Pulse duty: approx. 50%	dani. 0 to 00070				
			Monitor data	Output frequency1 (Before slip compensation) Output frequency2 (After slip compensation) Output current Output voltage Coutput torque Coud factor Input power Output feedback amount (PV) Output output Analog output calibration Output (MV) Output					

Terminal Functions

Categoly	Symbol	Name	Functions	Remarks				
	[CM]	Digital Common	Common terminals for the digital input signals.					
Digital inputs	[X1]	Digital input 1	Select multi-frequency (0 to 1 steps) Select multi-frequency (0 to 3 steps) Select ACC/DEC time (2 steps) Select ACC/DEC time (2 steps) Select ACC/DEC time (4 steps) Coast to a stop Reset alarm Ready for jogging Select motor 2 (M2) Select multi-frequency (0 to 3 steps) Select multi-frequency (0 to 15 steps) Select multi-frequenc					
	[X2]	Digital input 2	Select torque limiter level 2/1 Switch to commercial power (60 Hz) DOWN (Decrease output frequency) Cancel PID control Interlock Enable communications link via RS-485 or fieldbus (option) Switch to commercial power (50 Hz) UP (Increase output frequency) Enable data change with keypad Switch to commercial power (50 Hz) Cancel torque control Ras-485 or fieldbus (option)					
outs	[X3]	Digital input 3	•Enable auto search for idling motor speed at starting •Force to stop •Pre-excitation (EXITE) •Reset PID integral and differential components •Hold PID integral component •Activate the limit switch at start point •Switch to the serial pulse receiving mode •Enable overload stop	Operation current at ON Source current: 2.5 to 5 mA Source current: 9.7 to 16 mA				
Digital in	[X4]	Digital input 4	Pulse train input Select torque bias 1 Hold torque bias Check brake control Line speed control Hold the linel speed control frequency in the memory Count the run time of commercial power-driven motor 1 Count the run time of commercial power-driven motor 2	(terminal [X5])Pulse train input Voltage level: 2 V or below Operation current at OFF Allowable leakage current: 0.5 mA or less Voltage: 22 to 27 VDC				
	[X5]	Digital input 5 / Pulse train input	Select droop control Select parameter 1 Cancel customizable logic Clear all customizable logic timers Run forward command No function assigned PID multistep command 2 Select parameter 1 Cancel customizable logic Cancel automatic deceleration Run reverse command PID multistep command 1 Battery / UPS operation					
	[FWD]	Run forward command	-SINK/SOURCE is switchable by using the internal slide switchThese function codes may also switch the logic system between normal and negative to define how the inverter logic interprets either ON or OFF status of each terminalTerminal [X5] can be defined as a pulse train input terminal with the function codes.					
	[REV]	Run reverse command	(Using the PG interface interface card makes the pulse train input function assigned to the inverter's terminal [X5] invalid.) Use exclusively with one digital input. 0 to 30kHz(Open Collector) / 100kHz(Push-pull)					

FRENIG ACC

Terminal Functions

Categoly	Symbol	Name	Functions	Remarks		
	[PLC]	PLC signal power	Connect to PLC output signal power supply. This terminal also serves as 24 V power supply.			
	[CM]	Digital input common	Common terminals for the digital input signals.			
tputs	[Y1]	Transistor output 1	Inverter running Frequency (speed) arrival signal 3 Frequency (speed) arrival signal 3 Frequency (speed) arrival signal 3 Frequency (speed) detected 2 Frequency (speed) detected 3 Frequency (speed) detected 4 Frequency (speed) detected 4 Frequency (speed) detected 3 Frequency (speed) detected 4 Frequency (speed) detected 4 Frequency	24 VDC (22 to 27 VDC), Max. 100 mA This terminal is electrically isolated from terminal [11]s and [CMY]. allowable range: +22 to +27 VDC, 50 mA max. Leakage current 0.1mA or less		
Transistor outputs	[Y2]	Transistor output 2	Under PID control Motor stopped due to slow flowrate under PID control Low output torque detected Torque detected 2 Motor 2 selected Running reverse Motor overheat detected by thermistor Brake signal Terminal [C1] wire break Speed agreement Low Voltage detected Current position count overflowed Timer output Frequency arrival signal Alarm indication 2 Alarm indication 2 Alarm indication 8 Alarm output (for any alarm) Enable input OFF Customizable logic output signal 1 Customizable logic output signal 3 Customizable logic output signal 5 Customizable logic output signal 5 Customizable logic output signal 7 Customizable logic output signal 8 Customizable logic output signal 8 Customizable logic output signal 10 Customizable logic output signal 8 Customizable logic output signal 8 Customizable logic output signal 10			
	[CMY]	Transistor output common	Common terminal for transistor output signal terminals.	This terminal is electrically isolated from terminal [11]s and [CM]s.		
Relay output	[30A], [30B],[30C]	Alarm relay output (for any error)	-This outputs a non-voltage(dry) contact signal (1c) when the inverter is stopped with the protective function. -As a general-purpose relay output, the same functions as terminal Y can be assigned. -The logic value is switchable between "[30A] and [30C] are excited" and "non-excited."	Contact rating: 250 VAC, 0.3 A cosø=0.3 48 VDC, 0.5A Contact life: 200000 times (Switching at intervals of one second)		
Functional safety	[EN1], [EN2]	Enable Input 1 Enable Input 2	Compliance with EN ISO13849-1;2008 Cat.3 PL:e (Pending) -Turning off the circuit between terminals [EN1] and [PLC] or terminals [EN2] and [PLC] stops the inverter's output transistor. (Safe Torque Off: STO) -These terminals are exclusively used for the source mode input and cannot be switched to the sink modeIf either one of these input terminals is kept OFF for 50 ms or more, the inverter interprets it as a discrepancy, causing an alarm ECF. This alarm state can be cleared only by turning the inverter off and on.	Source current at Turn-on: 5-10mA Threshold voltage between [PLC] - [EN] : 2V (Turn off) : 22 to 27V (Turn on) leakage current : 0.5mA or less		
	[PLC]	PLC signal power				

Terminal Functions

Categoly	Symbol	Name	Functions	Remarks
Communication	RJ-45 connector for the keypad	Standard RJ-45 connector (RS-485 communication port 1)	(1) Used to connect the inverter with the keypad. The inverter supplies the power to the keypad through the pins specified below. The extension cable for remote operation also uses wires connected to these pins for supplying the keypad power. (2) Remove the keypad from the standard RJ-45 connector, and connect the RS-485 communications cable to control the inverter through the PC or PLC (Programmable Logic Controller). The protocol selection is available from the following. - Modbus RTU - Fuji general-purpose inverter protocol - Asynchronous start-stop system • Half-duplex - Max. transmission cable length: 1640 ft (500 m) - Maximum communication speed: 38.4kbps	
S	[DX+], [DX-], [SD]	Standard RJ-45 connector (RS-485 communication port 2) (*4)	A communications port transmits data through the RS-485 multipoint protocol between the inverter and a personal computer or other equipment such as a PLC. The protocol selection is available from the following. - Modbus RTU - Fuji general-purpose inverter protocol - Asynchronous start-stop system • Half-duplex - Max. transmission cable length: 1640 ft (500 m) - Maximum communication speed: 38.4kbps	
	[CAN+], [CAN-], [SHLD]	Standard RJ-45 connector (CAN communication port) (*5)	Commicication Profile: CiA CANOpen DS-301 and DSP-402	

(*1) In case of applying bais/gain function.

(*2) Only FRN□□□ E2□ -□GB has the FM2 output. Not pulse monitor but analog monitor (voltage / current output) is available.

(*3) Exclusive use. Need to swich on the terminal PCB.

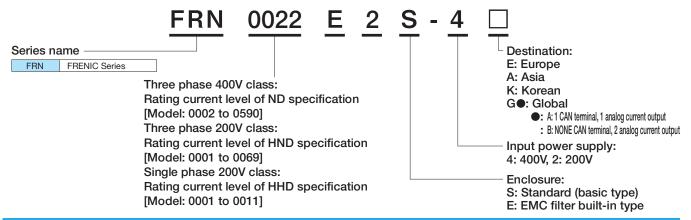
(*4) In the RJ-45 connector on the terminal PCB.

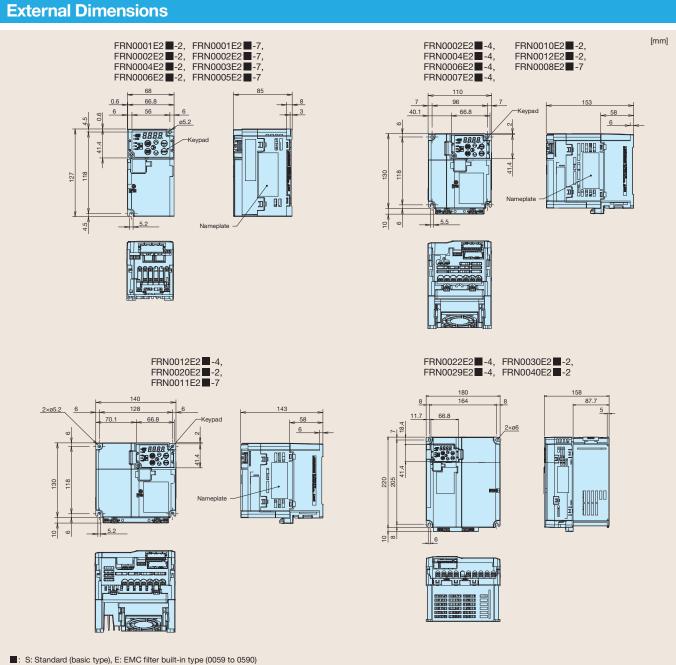
(*5) In the RJ-45 connector on the terminal PCB. Concurrent use with RS-485 communications is not available.



Type

How To Read The Model Number



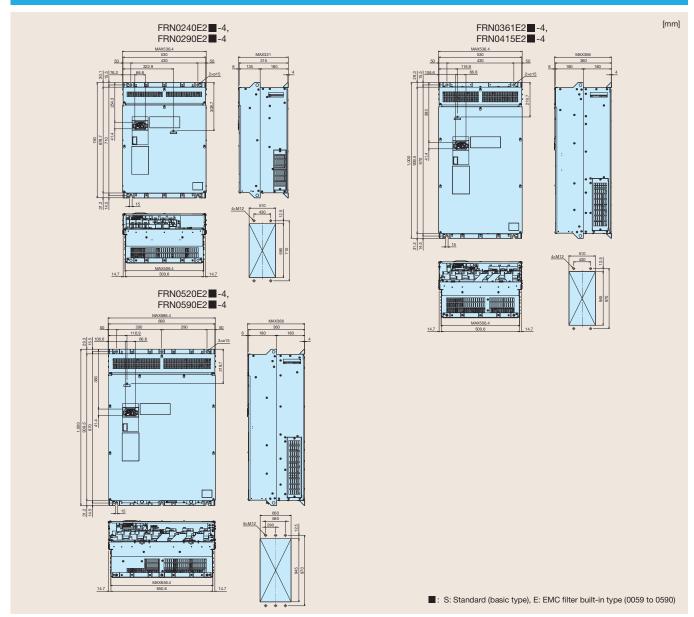


External Dimensions

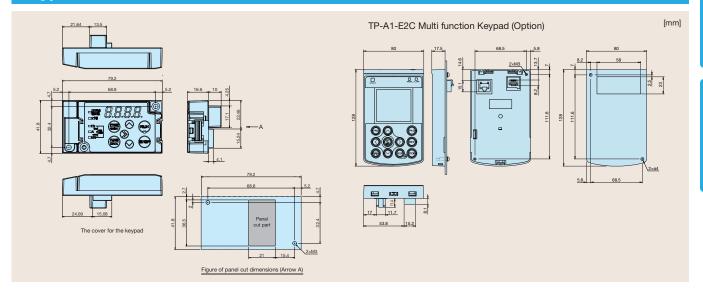




External Dimensions



Keypad



Options

Adapter		
Туре	Option	Functions
OPC-E2-ADP1		ADP1:The adapter is mounted on the front side of the inverter. The adapter is used from 0022 of 0044 to 400V, 0030 of 0069 to 200V to FRENIC-Ace.
OPC-E2-ADP2	Mounting adapter for option card	ADP2:The adapter is mounted inside of the inverter. The adapter is used from 0059 of 0072 to 400V to FRENIC-Ace.
OPC-E2-ADP3		ADP3:The adapter is mounted inside of the inverter. The adapter is used in more than 0085 to 400V of FRENIC-Ace.

Communication, I/O Parts

Type	Option	Functions						
OPC-DEV	DeviceNet communications card	The DeviceNet interface option enables the FRENIC-Ace series of the inverters to interface with DeviceNet and the FRENIC-Ace can be operated as a DeviceNet slave.						
OPC-CCL	CC-Link communications card	The CC-Link interface option enables the FRENIC-Ace series of the inverters to interface with CC-Link and the FRENIC-Ace can be operated as a CC-Link slave.						
OPC-DIO	Digital I/O interface card	DI: The frequency set-point can be given by 8,12 bits and BCD code(0 to 99.9/0 to 999) and extended 13 digital inputs are available mounting this card in the inverter. DO: The monitoring with 8bit binary code and the digital outputs (extended 8 point) are available.						
OPC-AIO	Analog I/O interface card	The Analog I/O interface card enables the FRENIC-Ace series of the inverter to input analog set-points to the inverter and output analog monitors from the inverter.						

^{*} Parts adapter is necessary on the occasion of setting.

Parts Using The Control Terminal Stand

Туре	Option	Functions							
OPC-E2-RS	RS485 communications card	The RS-485 communications card provides two ports exclusively designed for use with the FRENIC-Ace series of the inverters.							
OPC-E2-PG	PG interface (5V) card	Speed control ,position control and synchronous drive are available mounting this card in the inverter. Open collector (pull-up resistor: 620Ω):30kHz Complementary (totem-pole push-pull) Voltage output							
OPC-E2-PG3	PG interface (12/15V) card	Speed control, position control and synchronous drive are available mounting this card in the inverter. • Open collector (pull-up resistor: 2350Ω):30kHz • Complementary (totem-pole push-pull) • Voltage output:100kHz							

Keypad

Type	Option	Functions
TP-A1-E2C	Multi-functional keypad	LCD(Liquid Crystal Display) with a back light.

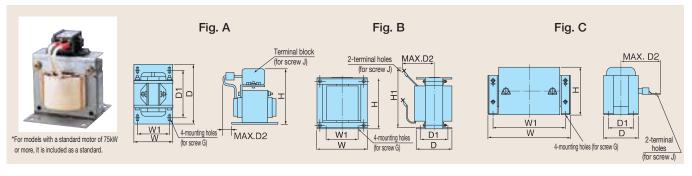
NEMA1 Kit		
Power supply Voltage	Inverter type	Option type
	FRN0059E2 ■ -4#	NEMA1-72E2-4
	FRN0072E2 -4#	NEWIA 1-72E2-4
	FRN0085E2 -4#	NEMA1-105E2-4
	FRN0105E2 ■ -4#	NEWAT-105E2-4
	FRN0139E2 ■ -4#	
	FRN0168E2 ■ -4#	NEMA1-203E2-4
Three-phase 400V	FRN0203E2 -4#	
	FRN0240E2 -4#	NEMA1-110G1-4
	FRN0290E2 ■ -4#	NEWIAT-110G1-4
	FRN0361E2 ■ -4#	NEMA1-160G1-4
	FRN0415E2 ■ -4#	NEWIAT-100G1-4
	FRN0520E2 ■ -4#	NEMA1-590E2-4
	FRN0590E2 -4#	NEWIA 1-390E2-4

Destination (A:for Asia, E:for Europe, K:for Korean)

E: S: Standard (basic type), E: EMC filter built-in type (0059 to 0590)







	Nominal	ninal Inverter Type					DEACTOR		Dimension [mm]									
Voltage	applied motor [kW]	ND Specification	HD Specification	HND Specification	HHD Specification	REACTOR Type	Fig	W	W1	D	D1	D2	Н	H1	G	J	Weigh [kg]	
	0.4	_	_	_	FRN0002E2 -4	DCR4-0.4		66				15					1	
	0.75	FRN0002E2 -4	FRN0002E2 -4	FRN0002E2 -4	FRN0004E2 -4	DCR4-0.75			56	90	70		94		MA/E 0.40)		1.4	
	1.1	_	FRN0004E2 -4	FRN0004E2 -4	_	DCR4-1.5			56	90	72	20	94		M4(5.2×8)		1.6	
	1.5	FRN0004E2 -4	_	_	FRN0006E2 -4	DCR4-1.5											1.6	
	2.2	FRN0006E2 -4	FRN0006E2 -4	FRN0006E2 -4	FRN0007E2 -4	DCR4-2.2		00	7.			15				M4	2	
	3	FRN0007E2 -4	FRN0007E2 -4	FRN0007E2 -4	_	DCR4-3.7							110		ME(C O)			
	3.7	_	_	_	FRN0012E2 -4	DCR4-3.7	Α	86	71	100	00	20	110	–	M5(6×9)		2.6	
	5.5	FRN0012E2 -4	FRN0012E2 -4	FRN0012E2 -4	FRN0022E2 -4	DCR4-5.5					80							
	7.5	_	FRN0022E2 -4	FRN0022E2 -4	FRN0029E2 -4	DCR4-7.5		111	٥٢			0.4	100				4.2	
	11	FRN0022E2 -4	FRN0029E2 -4	FRN0029E2 -4	FRN0037E2 -4	DCR4-11			95			24	130			M5	4.3	
	15	FRN0029E2 -4	FRN0037E2 -4	FRN0037E2 -4	FRN0044E2 -4	DCR4-15						15	168		M6(7×11)		5.9	
	18.5	FRN0037E2 -4	FRN0044E2 -4	FRN0044E2 -4	FRN0059E2	DCR4-18.5	1	146	124	120	96	0.5	474			N 4 C	7.0	
	22	FRN0044E2 -4	FRN0059E2 -4	FRN0059E2 -4	FRN0072E2	DCR4-22A	1					25	171			M6	7.2	
	30	FRN0059E2 -4	FRN0072E2 -4	FRN0072E2 -4	FRN0085E2 -4	DCR4-30B	В	152	90	157	115	100	130	190	M6(ø8)		13	
3-phase 400V	37	FRN0072E2	FRN0085E2 -4	FRN0085E2 -4	FRN0105E2	DCR4-37C	С	210	185	101	81	105	125	_	M6(7×13)		7.4	
400 V						DCR4-45B	В	171	110	165	125	110	150	210	M6(ø8)	M8	18	
	45	FRN0085E2 III -4	FRN0105E2 -4	FRN0105E2 III -4	FRN0139E2	DCR4-45C	С	210	185	106	86	120	125	_	M6(7×13)	1	8.4	
						DCR4-55B	В	171	110	170	130	110	150	210	M6(ø8)	1	20	
	55	FRN0105E2	FRN0139E2 -4	FRN0139E2	FRN0168E2	DCR4-55C				96	76	120			, ,		11	
	75	FRN0139E2 -4	FRN0168E2	FRN0168E2	FRN0203E2	DCR4-75C	1	255	225	106	86	125	145		M6(7×13)	M10	13	
	90	FRN0168E2	FRN0203E2 -4	FRN0203E2	FRN0240E2 -4	DCR4-90C	1				96	140			' '		15	
	110		FRN0240E2 -4	FRN0240E2 -4		DCR4-110C	1			116	90	175	155			M12	19	
	132		FRN0290E2 -4	FRN0290E2 -4		DCR4-132C	1	300	265	126	100		160		M8(10×18)		22	
	160		FRN0361E2 -4	FRN0361E2 -4		DCR4-160C	С			131	103	180		1	M10(12×22)		26	
	200		FRN0415E2 -4	FRN0415E2 -4	FRN0520E2	DCR4-200C	1			141	113	185					30	
	220	FRN0415E2 -4	_	FRN0520E2 -4		DCR4-220C	1	350	310	146 161	118	200	190				33	
	250	_	FRN0590E2 II -4	_	_	DCR4-250C											35	
	280	FRN0520E2 -4		FRN0590E2 -4	_	DCR4-280C					133	210					37	
	315	FRN0590E2 -4	_	_	_	DCR4-315C		400	345	146	118	200	225			M16	40	
	0.1	_	_	_	FRN0001E2S-2	DCR2-0.2			0.0								1.0	
	0.2	_	_	FRN0001E2S-2	FRN0002E2S-2	DCR2-0.2	1					5					0.8	
	0.4	_	_	FRN0002E2S-2	FRN0004E2S-2	DCR2-0.4	1					15		-			1	
	0.75	_	_	FRN0004E2S-2	FRN0006E2S-2	DCR2-0.75	1	66	56	90	72	13	94		M4(5.2×8)		1.4	
	1.1	_	_	FRN0006E2S-2	_	DCR2-1.5	1					20				M4		
	1.5	_	_	—	FRN0010E2S-2	DCR2-1.5	1					20				IVI	1.6	
	2.2	_	_	FRN0010E2S-2	FRN0012E2S-2	DCR2-1.3	1					10				-	1.8	
3-phase	3			FRN0010E2S-2	- HN0012L23-2	DCR2-2.2 DCR2-3.7	1	86	71			10	110		M5(6×9)		1.0	
200V	3.7	_	_	FNINUU 12E23-2	FRN0020E2S-2	DCR2-3.7 DCR2-3.7	1	00	/ 1			20	110		IVIO(0x9)		2.6	
	5.5		_	FRN0020E2S-2	FRN0030E2S-2	DCR2-5.7 DCR2-5.5	-			100	80	20					3.6	
	7.5	_	_		FRN0040E2S-2		-	111	95			23	130			M5	3.8	
		_	_				Α	111	95				107			NAG		
	11	_	_	FRN0040E2S-2	FRN0056E2S-2	DCR2-11	-					24	137		M6(7×11)	M6	4.3	
	15	_	_	FRN0056E2S-2	FRN0069E2S-2	DCR2-15	-	146	104	100	06	15	100			1.40	5.9	
	18.5	_	_	FRN0069E2S-2	FRN0088E2S-2	DCR2-18.5	-	146	124	120	96	25	180			M8	7.4	
	22	-	_	FRN0088E2S-2	FRN0115E2S-2	DCR2-22A	-	450	00	450	440	44-	100	100	N40/ 0\	N 4 4 C	7.5	
	30	_	_	FRN0115E2S-2	- -	DCR2-30B	-	152	90	156	116	115	130	190	M6(ø8)	M10	12	
	0.1	_	_	_	FRN0001E2S-7	DCR2-0.2	-					5					0.8	
single-	0.2	_	_	_	FRN0002E2S-7	DCR2-0.4	-	66	5 56	90	72	15	94		M4(5.2×8)			
phase	0.4	_	_	_	FRN0003E2S-7	DCR2-0.75	-				-			_	(M4	1.4	
200V	0.75	_	_	_	FRN0005E2S-7	DCR2-1.5	1			1		20		↓ _		IVI4	1.6	
	1.5	_	_	_	FRN0008E2S-7	DCR2-3.7		86	71	100	80		110		M5(6×9)		2.6	
	2.2	_	_	_	FRN0011E2S-7	DCR2-3.7		00	/ 1		6U				,55/			



When running general-purpose motors

• Driving a 400V general-purpose motor

When driving a 400V general-purpose motor with an inverter using extremely long cables, damage to the insulation of the motor may occur. Use an output circuit filter (OFL) if necessary after checking with the motor manufacturer. Fuji's motors do not require the use of output circuit filters because of their reinforced insulation.

• Torque characteristics and temperature rise When the inverter is used to run a general-purpose motor, the temperature of the motor becomes higher than when it is operated using a commercial power supply. In the low-speed range, the cooling effect will be weakened, so decrease the output torque of the motor. If constant torque is required in the low-speed range, use a Fuji inverter motor or a motor equipped with an externally powered ventilating fan.

Vibration

When the motor is mounted to a machine, resonance may be caused by the natural frequencies, including that of the machine. Operation of a 2-pole motor at 60Hz or more may cause abnormal vibration.

- * Study use of tier coupling or dampening rubber.
- * It is also recommended to use the inverter jump frequency control to avoid resonance points.

Noise

When an inverter is used with a general-purpose motor, the motor noise level is higher than that with a commercial power supply. To reduce noise, raise carrier frequency of the inverter. High-speed operation at 60Hz or more can also result in more noise

When running special motors

• Explosion-proof motors

When driving an explosion-proof motor with an inverter, use a combination of a motor and an inverter that has been approved in advance.

Brake motors

For motors equipped with parallel-connected brakes, their braking power must be supplied from the primary circuit (commercial power supply). If the brake power is connected to the inverter power output circuit (secondary circuit) by mistake, problems may occur.

Do not use inverters for driving motors equipped with series-connected brakes.

Geared motors

If the power transmission mechanism uses an oillubricated gearbox or speed changer/reducer, then continuous motor operation at low speed may cause poor lubrication. Avoid such operation.

• Single-phase motors

Single-phase motors are not suitable for inverterdriven variable speed operation. Use three-phase motors.

Environmental conditions

Installation location

Use the inverter in a location with an ambient temperature range of -10 to 50°C.

The inverter and braking resistor surfaces become hot under certain operating conditions. Install the inverter on nonflammable material such as metal. Ensure that the installation location meets the environmental conditions specified in "Environment" in inverter specifications.

Combination with peripheral devices

Installing a molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)

Install a recommended molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) or an earth leakage circuit breaker (ELCB) in the primary circuit of each inverter to protect the wiring. Ensure that the circuit breaker capacity is equivalent to or lower than the recommended capacity.

Installing a magnetic contactor (MC) in the output (secondary) circuit

If a magnetic contactor (MC) is mounted in the inverter's secondary circuit for switching the motor to commercial power or for any other purpose, ensure that both the inverter and the motor are fully stopped before you turn the MC on or off. Remove the surge killer integrated with the MC.

Installing a magnetic contactor (MC) in the input (primary) circuit

Do not turn the magnetic contactor (MC) in the primary circuit on or off more than once an hour as an inverter fault may result. If frequent starts or stops are required during motor operation, use FWD/REV signals.

Protecting the motor

The electronic thermal facility of the inverter can protect the general-purpose motor. The operation level and the motor type (general-purpose motor, inverter motor) should be set. For high-speed motors or water-cooled motors, set a small value for the thermal time constant to protect the motor.

If you connect the motor thermal relay to the motor with a long cable, a high-frequency current may flow into the wiring stray capacitance. This may cause the relay to trip at a current lower than the set value for the thermal relay. If this happens, lower the carrier frequency or use the output circuit filter (OFI)

• Discontinuance of power-factor correcting capacitor

Do not mount power factor correcting capacitors in the inverter (primary) circuit. (Use the DC REACTOR to improve the inverter power factor.) Do not use power factor correcting capacitors in the inverter output circuit (secondary). An overcurrent trip will occur, disabling motor operation.

Discontinuance of surge killer

Do not mount surge killers in the inverter output (secondary) circuit.

Reducing noise

Use of a filter and shielded wires are typical measures against noise to ensure that EMC Directives are met.

Measures against surge currents

If an overvoltage trip occurs while the inverter is stopped or operated under a light load, it is assumed that the surge current is generated by open/close of the phase-advancing capacitor in the power system.

We recommend connecting a DC REACTOR to the inverter.

Megger test

When checking the insulation resistance of the inverter, use a 500V megger and follow the instructions contained in the Instruction Manual.

Wiring

. Wiring distance of control circuit

When performing remote operation, use the twisted shield wire and limit the distance between the inverter and the control box to 20m.

• Wiring length between inverter and motor

If long wiring is used between the inverter and the motor, the inverter will overheat or trip as a result of overcurrent (high-frequency current flowing into the stray capacitance) in the wires connected to the phases. Ensure that the wiring is shorter than 50m. If this length must be exceeded, lower the carrier frequency or mount an output circuit filter (OFL). When wiring is longer than 50m, and sensorless vector control or vector control with speed sensor is selected,

Wiring size

execute off-line tuning.

Select cables with a sufficient capacity by referring to the current value or recommended wire size.

Wiring type

Do not use multicore cables that are normally used for connecting several inverters and motors.

Grounding

Securely ground the inverter using the grounding terminal.

Selecting inverter capacity

• Driving general-purpose motor

Select an inverter according to the applicable motor ratings listed in the standard specifications table for the inverter. When high starting torque is required or quick acceleration or deceleration is required, select an inverter with a capacity one size greater than the standard.

Driving special motors

Select an inverter that meets the following condition: Inverter rated current > Motor rated current.

Transportation and storage

When transporting or storing inverters, follow the procedures and select locations that meet the environmental conditions that agree with the inverter specifications.



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